Child & Adolescent Guidance Center Helpful Hints for Healthy Students/ Aggression

Aggression

Aggression: Aggression is any behavior that could or does cause physical or psychological harm to oneself or to another person. Aggressive behaviors should be viewed on a continuum involving visual, verbal, social and physical components:

"Visual: Verbal: Social: Staring Put-downs Gangs Eye rolling Name calling Racism Sticking out tongue Teasing Shunning "Dirty looks" Threats Ostracism Signs Blaming Cliques Gang graffiti Bossing Intimidation Intimidating Revenge Rumors/ gossip Retaliation Discriminatory Sarcasm Other "isms" gestures Cruel jokes Acting out domestic (discrimination Ridiculing violence situations Pejorative lyrics. based on sex, age, that have e been culture, color, observed physical ability,

Physical: Spitting Shoving Pushing Punching Kicking Hitting Beating Raping Stabbing Shooting Sexual harassment Stealing Vandalism"

-Doris Helge, Ph.D., 1998, Transforming Pain Into Power, Shimoda Publishing, 1225 East Sunset Drive, Bellingham, WA

religion, language)

Aggressive children tend to have a general belief that the world is a dangerous, hostile place and that other people (adults and children) are "out to get them". These children quickly and instinctively react aggressively to interpersonal problems. Therefore, a common situation such as one child bumping into another in the hallway may be perceived as a purposeful attempt to harm. This innocent act may trigger an aggressive reaction.

Common Challenges Faced by Aggressive Children:

- Accepting criticism and/ or redirection from authority figures.
 - Socializing with peers.
 - Problem solving without adult assistance.
 - Identifying feelings and body cues.
 - Using words to express feelings.
 - Acknowledging personal strengths and areas of confidence.